

Dinajpur Board-2017

Chemistry First Paper

Subject Code

1 7 6

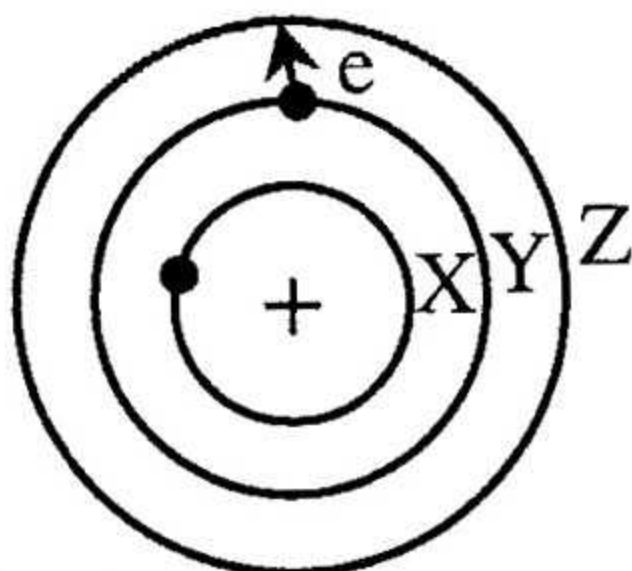
Time — 2 hours 35 minutes

Creative Essay Type

Full marks — 50

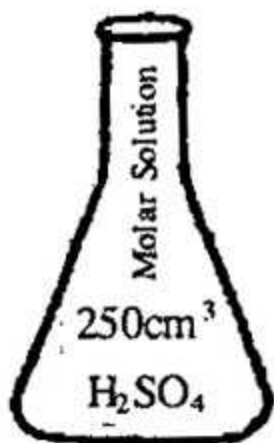
[N.B. -The figures in the right margin indicate full marks. Read the stems carefully and answer the associated questions. Answer any five questions.]

1. ▶



- What is the Hund's rule? 1
- Polarisation of cation by anion does not occur. Why? 2
- Calculate the absorbed radiation by the electron transition shown in the stem. 3
- One electron of S orbital of Z energy shell and another electron of S orbital of Y energy shell are moving in the same direction. The two electrons obey the Pauli's exclusion principle — explain. 4

2. ▶



Container-A



Container-B



Container-C



Container -D

- What is first aid box? 1
- The value of neutralisation enthalpy of NaOH and HF is higher than the constant value. Why? 2
- Calculate the mass of H₂SO₄ in container A. 3

d. Which of the glass-ware are essential for quantitative analysis? Analyse. 4

3. ★ The atomic numbers of D, Q and R elements are 6, 7 and 8 respectively.

a. What are vander waals forces? 1

b. Between CaCl_2 and AlCl_3 salts, which one is more water-soluble? Why? 2

c. Hydrogen bonding is principally responsible for the physical states of DH_4 and H_2R — explain. 3

d. Analyse the reasons for the variation of shapes of three hydride molecules of the elements mentioned in the stem. 4

4. ►

20 mL 0.1M H_2SO_4	6mL 0.025M NaOH	150mL 0.85M CH_3COOH $K_a = 1.85 \times 10^{-5}$
A	B	C

a. What is green chemistry? 1

b. How would you detect Al^{3+} ion in a solution? 2

c. Calculate the pH of (B + C) mixture. 3

d. Analyse the nature of the mixture (A + B). 4

5. ►

The diagram shows two beakers, A and B, each containing a liquid. Above beaker A, an arrow labeled SrF_2 points down into the liquid, which is labeled H_2O . Above beaker B, an arrow labeled SrF_2 points down into the liquid, which is labeled 0.1M NaF.

The solubility product of SrF_2 in container A is 8×10^{-10} .

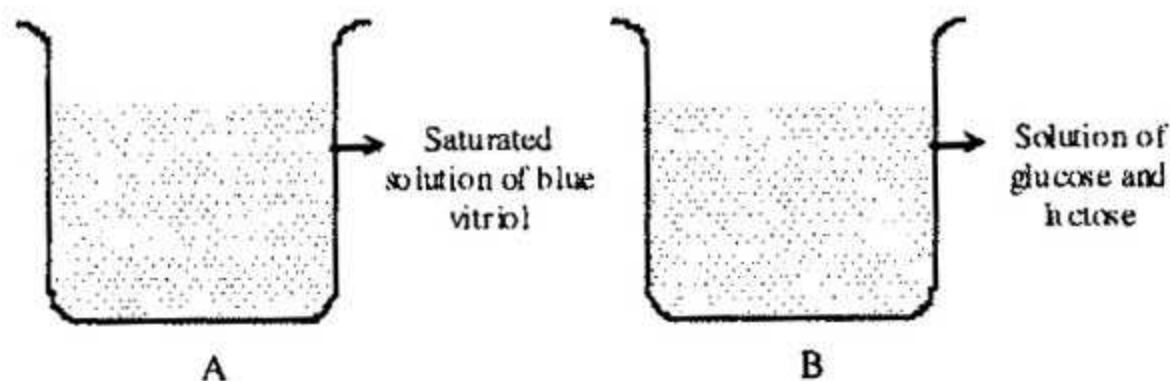
a. What is food security? 1

b. Which of the acids between HClO_4 and HBrO_4 is more acidic? Explain. 2

c. Determine the solubility of SrF_2 in container B. 3

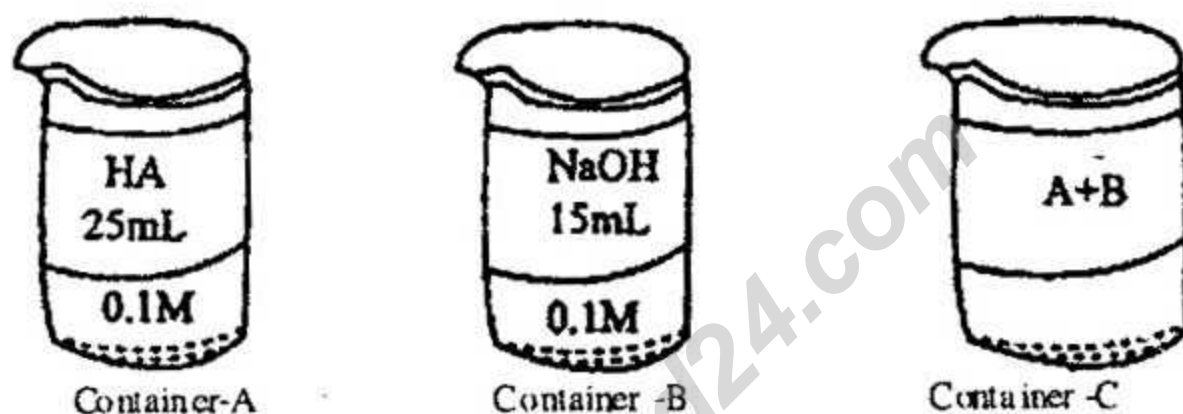
d. Analyse the reasons for the variation of solubility of SrF_2 in container A and B. 4

6. ★



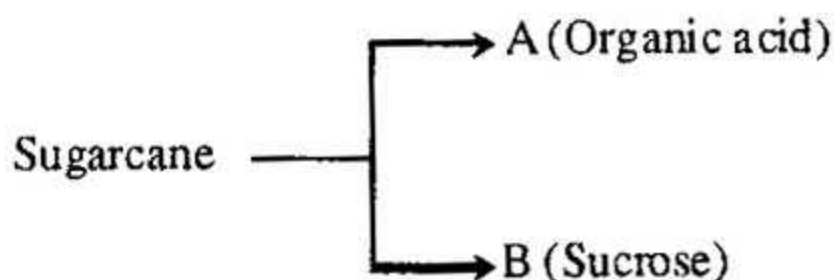
- What is vacuum distillation? 1
- What do you understand by solubility product? 2
- Describe the method for the separation of solute from container-A. 3
- Analyse the application of chromatographic method for the solution of container B. 4

7. ★



- Write down the law of mass action. 1
- The pH of pure water is 7.0. Why? 2
- Calculate the pH of solution of container A ($K_a = 1.8 \times 10^{-4}$). 3
- Will there be any change of pH when a small amount of HCl is added to the container C? Analyse with reasons. 4

8. ►



- What is orbital – hybridisation? 1
- Why is the first ionisation potential of nitrogen higher than that of oxygen? 2
- Describe with equations the preparation of A compound from compound B. 3
- Which of the compounds between A and B is more suitable for fish preservation? Analyse. 4

[N.B. Choose the best answer among the options. Fill the circle in the answer sheet with ball point pen. Each question has value 1.]

1. What is the basicity of H_3PO_2 ?

- (a) 1 (b) 2
(c) 3 (d) 4

2. What is MSDS?

- (a) Material Safety Data Scale
(b) Material Safety Data Sheet
(c) Manual Service Data Sheet
(d) Manual Safety Data Scale

3. **★** Minimum volume that can be measured by burette —

- i. 0.1 cm^3
ii. $0.1 \times 10^{-3} \text{ dm}^3$
iii. $0.1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3$

Which one is correct?

- (a) i & ii (b) ii & iii
(c) i & iii (d) i, ii & iii

4. 50 mL of 0.175 M HCOOH ($K_a = 1.8 \times 10^{-4}$) solution is added to 50 mL 0.09 M NaOH . What is the pH of the solution?

- (a) 10.2305 (b) 5.9673
(c) 5.6957 (d) 3.7695

5. Unit of reaction rate —

- (a) $\text{mol L}^{-1}\text{s}$ (b) $\text{L mol}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$
(c) $\text{mol L}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$ (d) $\text{L}^2 \text{mol}^{-2}\text{s}^{-2}$

6. Used to prepare cleaning mixture —

- i. $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$ ii. H_2SO_4
iii. H_2O

Which one is correct?

- (a) i & ii (b) ii & iii
(c) i & iii (d) i, ii & iii

7. In semi micro analysis, H_2S is replaced by —

- (a) NH_4CNS (b) Na_2S
(c) CH_3CSNH_2 (d) CH_3CSCI

8. **★** Applicable to R_f value —

- i. ratio of distances covered by

solute & solvent

ii. ratio of distances covered by solvent and salute

iii. the value is less than 1

Which one is correct?

- (a) i & ii (b) i & iii
(c) ii & iii (d) i, ii & iii

9. sp^3 hybridisation occurs in —

- i. BF_3 ii. BH_4^-
iii. H_2O

Which one is correct?

- (a) i & ii (b) i & iii
(c) ii & iii (d) i, ii & iii

10. Bohr's model is applicable to—

- (a) H^+ (b) He^+
(c) Li^+ (d) Be^{2+}

11. Mixture of flour in water is called —

- (a) solution (b) colloid
(c) coagulation
(d) suspension

12. The best chromatographic method for the separation of components for the mixture of amino acids and carbohydrates is —

- (a) column (b) paper
(c) thin layer (d) gas

Give answers to question no. 13 and 14 according to stem:

Alkali is added to a salt solution. At first a white curly precipitate is formed which is soluble in excess alkali. On addition of $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}(s)$ & heating, the precipitate reappears.

13. Which ion is identified by the stem's information?

- (a) Al^{3+} (b) Zn^{2+}
(c) Ca^{2+} (d) Ba^{2+}

14. Which is the correct set of quantum number for the outermost electron of the basic element according to stem?

- (a) 3, 0, 0, $-\frac{1}{2}$ (b) 3, 2, -2, $-\frac{1}{2}$
 (c) 3, 1, -1, $-\frac{1}{2}$ (d) 3, 2, -1, $-\frac{1}{2}$

15. Which is the correct order of unpaired electron numbers?

- (a) $Mn^{2+} > Fe^{2+} > Cr^{3+}$
 (b) $Mn^{2+} > Cr^{3+} > Fe^{2+}$
 (c) $Fe^{2+} > Cr^{3+} > Mn^{2+}$
 (d) $Cr^{3+} > Mn^{2+} > Fe^{2+}$

16. ★ How many periods were there in Mendeleev's periodic table?

- (a) 5 (b) 7
 (c) 9 (d) 12

17. Types of bonds in the molecular structure copper sulphate —

- (a) 4 (b) 3
 (c) 2 (d) 1

18. What type of hybridisation occurs in Fe of XeF_2 ?

- (a) sp (b) sp^2d
 (c) sp^3d^2 (d) sp^3d

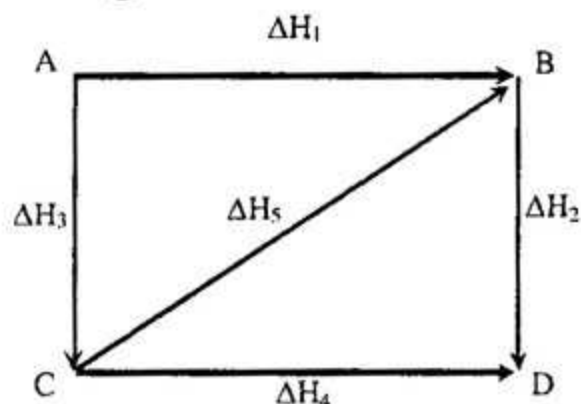
19. Which order is correct for ionisation potential?

- (a) $O < N < B < Be$
 (b) $N < O < Be < B$
 (c) $Be < B < O < N$
 (d) $B < Be < O < N$

20. Which of the following has the highest melting point and boiling point?

- (a) $CaCl_2$ (b) $FeCl_2$
 (c) $CuCl_2$ (d) $ZnCl_2$

according to the stem:



21. Applicable to the stem —

- i. $\Delta H_3 + \Delta H_4 = \Delta H_1 + \Delta H_2$
 ii. $\Delta H_1 = \Delta H_3 + \Delta H_5$
 iii. $\Delta H_4 = \Delta H_5 + \Delta H_2$

Which one is correct?

- (a) i & ii (b) ii & iii
 (c) i & iii (d) i, ii & iii

22. ★ The main component of vanishing cream —

- (a) caustic potash
 (b) stearic acid
 (c) olive oil (d) carbitol

23. Which enzyme is used for the hydrolysis of sucrose to produce malt vinegar?

- (a) Diastase
 (b) Zymase
 (c) Maltase
 (d) Invertase

24. What is the pH of ethanoic acid ($K_a = 1.8 \times 10^{-5}$)?

- (a) 2.872 (b) 11.128
 (c) 11.281 (d) 11.821

25. Which of the aqueous solution of the following oxides has a pH greater than 7.0?

- (a) B_2O_3 (b) BeO
 (c) P_2O_5 (d) Cl_2O_7

Answer to question no. 21

Ans.	1	(a)	2	(b)	3	(d)	4	(d)	5	(c)	6	(d)	7	(c)	8	(b)	9	(c)	10	(b)	11	(b)	12	(c)	13	(a)
	14	(c)	15	(a)	16	(d)	17	(a)	18	(d)	19	(d)	20	(a)	21	(d)	22	(b)	23	(d)	24	(a)	25	(b)		